# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Techspray LICRON Crystal (UK - Great Britain)

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

: Techspray LICRON Crystal (UK - Great Britain) **Product name** 

**Product code** : 1756-8S

**Product description** : Coating. Antistatic agent

**Product type** : Aerosol.

Other means of : Coating. Antistatic agent identification Industrial/Professional use UFI: EM2C-E037-A008-3Y5V

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### **Identified uses**

Coating. Antistain agent

#### Uses advised against

Not applicable.

## 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer Techspray

8125 Cobb Center Drive Kennesaw, GA 30152 Tel: 678-819-1408 Toll free: 1-800-858-4043

Fax: 1806-372-8750

Distributor

Importer **ITW Contamination Control BV** Saffierlaan 5 VZ-2132 Hoofddorp The Netherlands

Email: info@itw-cc.com

Tel: +31 88 1307 400 FAX: +31 88 1307 499

Website: www. Techsprayeu.com

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: Importer/Only Representative

Bay 150

Shannon Industrial Estate

Shannon County Clare Ireland V14 DF82 +353 61 771 500

customerservice.shannon@itwpp.com

**National contact** 

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

ITW Contamination Control BV Saffierlaan 5 VZ-2132 Hoofddorp The Netherlands

Email: info@itw-cc.com

Tel: +31 88 1307 400 FAX: +31 88 1307 499

Website: www.Techsprayeu.com

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### **National advisory body/Poison Centre**

Telephone number : EMERGENCY HEALTH INFORMATION:

United Kingdom (England or Wales) 0845 46 47 or Scotland 08454 24 24 (UK

only)

**Supplier** 

**Telephone number** : (800)-858-4043 **Hours of operation** : 8:00 AM to 5:00 PM

Information limitations : EMERGENCY HEALTH INFORMATION:

**EMERGENCY SPILL INFORMATION:** 

Transport information

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to UK CLP/GHS

Aerosol 1, H222, H229 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

Ingredients of unknown

toxicity

: 91 percent of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation

toxicity

Ingredients of unknown

ecotoxicity

: Contains 66% of components with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Danger

**Hazard statements**: Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: may burst if heated.

Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention**: Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open

flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Avoid breathing dust or mist. Do not pierce or burn, even after

use.

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Response

: IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

**Storage** 

: Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

**Disposal** 

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements

: FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY For professional use only.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Not applicable.

### **Special packaging requirements**

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings

: Not applicable.

\_ ...

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Type
propan-2-ol	EC: 200-661-7 CAS: 67-63-0 Index: 603-117-00-0	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
butane	EC: 203-448-7 CAS: 106-97-8 Index: 601-004-00-0	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Press. Gas (Comp.), H280	[2]
butan-1-ol	EC: 200-751-6 CAS: 71-36-3 Index: 603-004-00-6	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	EC: 252-104-2 CAS: 34590-94-8	≤3	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1] [2]
NITROMETHANE	EC: 200-876-6 CAS: 75-52-5 Index: 609-036-00-7	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1] [2]
2-aminoethanol	EC: 205-483-3 CAS: 141-43-5 Index: 603-030-00-8	≤0.1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1] [2]
methanol	EC: 200-659-6	<0.1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225	[1] [2]

	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, ,	_
Techspray LICRON Crystal (UK -	- Great Britain)		
SECTION 3: Com	position/information on ingredi	ents	_
	CAS: 67-56-1 Index: 603-001-00-X	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 1, H370 See Section 16 for the full text of the H	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Eye contact** 

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

statements declared

above.

Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Skin contact** 

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

Ingestion Seek medical attention.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

# SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# **6.2 Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
 See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
 See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

#### **Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds**

#### **Danger criteria**

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P3a	150 tonne	500 tonne

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

**Recommendations**: Not available.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1 Control parameters

## **Occupational exposure limits**

Exposure limit values
EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
STEL: 1250 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 999 mg/m³ 8 hours.
TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.
EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
STEL: 1810 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 1450 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
TWA: 600 ppm 8 hours.
EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
through skin.
STEL: 154 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
through skin.
TWA: 308 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
STEL: 381 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 254 mg/m³ 8 hours.
TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
through skin.
STEL: 7.6 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
STEL: 3 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.
TWA: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
through skin.
STEL: 333 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 266 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.

## **Biological exposure indices**

No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
propan-2-ol	DNEL	Long term Oral	26 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	89 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	319 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	888 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
butan-1-ol	DNEL	Long term Oral	3.125 mg/	General	Systemic

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	<u> </u>		-			
				kg bw/day	population	
		DNEL	Long term	55 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
			Inhalation	3	population	
		חארו		210 m a/m3		Local
		DNEL	Long term	310 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
			Inhalation			
	(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	36 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			_	bw/day	population	
		DNEL	Long term	37.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		DIVLL	Inhalation	07.2 mg/m		Cysternio
					population	
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	121 mg/kg	General	Systemic
				bw/day	population	
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	283 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
				bw/day		.,
		DAIEL	1 4		\A/ l	Ot :-
		DNEL	Long term	308 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
			Inhalation			
	NITROMETHANE	DNEL	Long term	4 mg/m³	General	Systemic
			Inhalation	Ū	population	-
		DNEL	Long term	8 mg/m³	General	Local
		DIVLL		o mg/m		Local
			Inhalation		population	
		DNEL	Short term	12 mg/m³	General	Systemic
			Inhalation		population	
		DNEL	Long term	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
			Inhalation	J		,
		DNEL	Short term	23 mg/m³	General	Local
		DINCL	Inhalation	20 mg/m		Local
					population	
		DNEL	Long term	39 mg/m³	Workers	Local
			Inhalation			
		DNEL	Short term	39 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
			Inhalation	Ŭ		,
		DNEL	Short term	79 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		DIVLL		r a mg/m	WOIKEIS	Local
		DATE	Inhalation	0.50 "	0 1	
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	250 mg/kg	General	Systemic
				bw/day	population	
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	417 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
				bw/day		
		DNEL	Short term Dermal	1500 mg/	General	Systemic
		DIVLL	Chort term Berniar	kg bw/day	population	Gyotomio
		DNIEL	Charttanna Damaal			Customia
		DNEL	Short term Dermal	2500 mg/	Workers	Systemic
				kg bw/day		
	2-aminoethanol	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.24 mg/	General	Systemic
				kg bw/day	population	
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	1 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
				bw/day		-,
		DNEL	Long term	2 mg/m³	General	Local
		DINEL		Z mg/m²		LUCAI
		D. :=:	Inhalation		population	
		DNEL	Long term	3.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
			Inhalation			
		DNEL	Long term Oral	3.75 mg/	General	Systemic
				kg bw/day	population	
	methanol	DNEL	Short term Dermal	8 mg/kg	General	Systemic
				bw/day	population	,
		DNEL	Long torm Darmal	•	General	Systemia
		DINCL	Long term Dermal	8 mg/kg		Systemic
		D		bw/day	population	
		DNEL	Short term Dermal	40 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
				bw/day		
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	40 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			-	bw/day		•
		DNEL	Short term	50 mg/m³	General	Local
		J. 1LL	Inhalation	oo mg/m	population	20001
		חארי		EO 3		
		DNEL	Long term	50 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
			Inhalation		population	
		DNEL	Short term	50 mg/m³	General	Systemic
			Inhalation		population	
		DNEL	Long term	50 mg/m³	General	Systemic
				J		1
-	<u> </u>		·			<u>'</u>

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

	Inhalation		population	
DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	Inhalation			
DNEL	Long term	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	Inhalation			
DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	Inhalation			1
DNEL	Long term	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	Inhalation			-
I I	1			

#### **PNECs**

No PNECs available

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### **Individual protection measures**

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

# Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

## **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

#### Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# **Environmental exposure controls**

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

**Physical state** : Liquid. [Aerosol.] Colour : Colourless. **Odour** : Alcohol-like. : Not available. Odour threshold

Melting point/freezing point : -90°C

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

: 83°C (181.4°F)

Flammability (solid, gas) Not available. **Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits** 

: Lower: 2% Upper: 12%

Flash point

: Closed cup: 11.7°C (53.1°F) [Tagliabue]

**Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature** 

: 456°C (852.8°F) : Not available.

pН 8.5

**Viscosity** : Not available. : Not available. Solubility in water

Miscible with water : Yes. Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : 0.05

water

Vapour pressure : 4.4 kPa (33 mm Hg) **Evaporation rate** : 1.7 (butyl acetate = 1)

**Relative density** : 0.79

: 0.785 g/cm³ [25°C (77°F)] **Density** 

Vapour density : 2.1 [Air = 1] **Explosive properties** : Not applicable **Oxidising properties** : Not available.

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

**Heat of combustion** : 10.15 kJ/g

**Aerosol product** 

Type of aerosol : Spray

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

10.5 Incompatible materials : No specific data.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

## **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
propan-2-ol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
butane	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	658000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
butan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	24000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
NITROMETHANE	LD50 Oral	Rat	940 mg/kg	-
2-aminoethanol	LD50 Oral	Rat	1720 mg/kg	-
methanol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	145000 ppm	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	64000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5600 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

# **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
propan-2-ol	5000	12800	N/A	N/A	N/A
butane	N/A	N/A	N/A	658	N/A
butan-1-ol	790	3400	N/A	24	N/A
NITROMETHANE	940	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-aminoethanol	1720	1100	N/A	11	N/A
methanol	100	300	64000	3	N/A

# **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
propan-2-ol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 mg	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
butan-1-ol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.005 MI	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
(2-methoxymethylethoxy) propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	8 mg	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
2-aminoethanol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	250 ug	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	505 mg	-
methanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	40 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	

**Conclusion/Summary** 

**Sensitisation** 

: Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** 

**Mutagenicity** 

: Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not available.

**Carcinogenicity** 

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

: Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

**Teratogenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
propan-2-ol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
butan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
2-aminoethanol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
methanol	Category 1	-	-

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on likely routes

of exposure

: Not available.

## Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

**Skin contact**: May cause skin irritation.

**Ingestion**: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

Ingestion Seek medical attention.

## Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** 

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Long term exposure

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**Potential immediate** 

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Not available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
propan-2-ol	Acute EC50 7550 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1400000 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Common shrimp, sand shrimp - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Harlequinfish, red rasbora - Rasbora heteromorpha	96 hours
butan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1983 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1730000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
2-aminoethanol	Acute EC50 8.42 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Green algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute LC50 >100000 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Common shrimp, sand shrimp - Crangon crangon - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 170 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Goldfish - Carassius auratus	96 hours
methanol	Acute EC50 16.912 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Green algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute LC50 2500000 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Common shrimp, sand shrimp - Crangon crangon - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3289 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 290 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Zebra danio - Danio rerio - Egg	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 9.96 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Green algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
propan-2-ol	0.05	-	low
butane	2.89	-	low
butan-1-ol	1	-	low
(2-methoxymethylethoxy) propanol	0.004	-	low
NITROMETHANE	-0.35	-	low
2-aminoethanol	-1.31	-	low
methanol	-0.77	<10	low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

**12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

## 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

**Hazardous waste** 

**Packaging** 

**Methods of disposal** 

: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

**Special precautions** 

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable	Aerosols, flammable	AEROSOLS IN LIMITED QUANTITIES OF CLASS 2	AEROSOLS IN LIMITED QUANTITIES OF CLASS 2
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-

Techspray LICRON Cry	rstal (UK - Great Britaiı	1)			
SECTION 14	Transport	information			
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	

#### **Additional information**

ADR/RID : <u>Tunnel code</u> (D)

IATA : Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 30 kg. Packaging instructions:

Section 5, Y203. Cargo Aircraft Only: 150 kg. Packaging instructions: Section 5.203.

14.6 Special precautions for

user

: **Transport within user's premises**: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not available.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>UK (GB)/REACH</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

#### **Annex XIV**

None of the components are listed.

#### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

#### Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

## **Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**

Not listed.

#### **Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Not applicable.

Aerosol dispensers

UK



Extremely flammable

## **Seveso Directive**

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

#### **Danger criteria**

Category		
P3a		

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### **National regulations**

Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes
butane	UK Occupational Exposure Limits EH40 - WEL	butane	Carc.	-

**EU regulations** 

**Industrial emissions** (integrated pollution prevention and control) - : Not listed

**Industrial emissions** (integrated pollution

: Not listed

prevention and control) -Water

**International regulations** 

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

**Montreal Protocol** 

Not listed.

**Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants** 

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals** 

Not listed.

**Inventory list** 

**Australia** : All components are listed or exempted. Canada : All components are listed or exempted. China : All components are listed or exempted.

**Eurasian Economic Union**: Russian Federation inventory: Not determined.

**Japan** 

: Japan inventory (CSCL): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory (ISHL): All components are listed or exempted.

**New Zealand** : All components are listed or exempted. **Philippines** : All components are listed or exempted. Republic of Korea : All components are listed or exempted. **Taiwan** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Thailand** : Not determined.

**Turkey** : All components are listed or exempted. **United States** : All components are active or exempted. **Viet Nam** : All components are listed or exempted.

15.2 Chemical safety : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still

assessment required.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and

Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019

No. 720 and amendments

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification	
, , , -	On basis of test data Regulatory data	
STOT SE 3, H336	Regulatory data	

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H222, H229	Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H370	Causes damage to organs.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### **Full text of classifications**

Acute Tox. 3 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aerosol 1 AEROSOLS - Category 1

Aquatic Chronic 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

Flam. Gas 1A FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1A Flam. Liq. 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

Press. Gas (Comp.) GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas Skin Corr. 1B Skin Irrit. 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

STOT SE 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 1 STOT SE 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

Date of printing : 1/24/2023 Date of issue/ Date of : 1/24/2023

Date of previous issue : No previous validation

Version : 1

#### **Notice to reader**

revision

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.